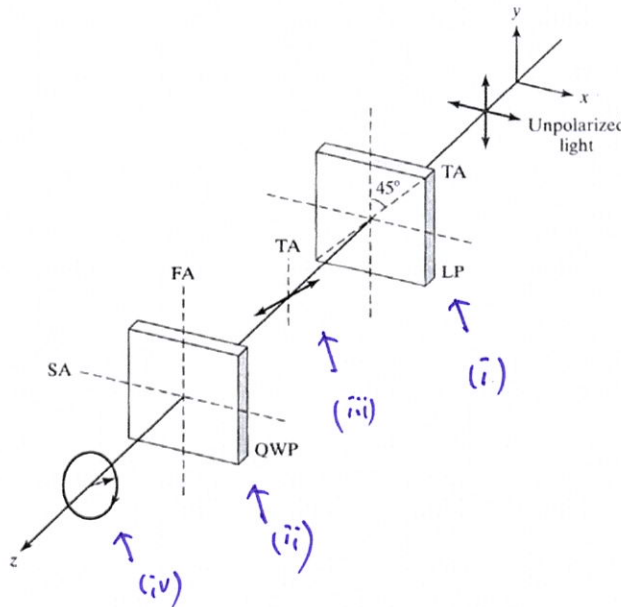


Quiz 8

EC5013

June 7, 2017

1. Using a linear polarizer and a quarter wave plate, a circularized light can be made from unpolarized light. Using Jones vectors and Jones Matrices of the following scheme prove it. *Is the output RCP or LCP? Does the  $E_y$  lead or lag  $E_x$ ?*



Sol). TA  $45^\circ$  polarizer Jones Matrix :  $\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  (i)

SA horizontal QWP : Jones Matrix :  $e^{i\pi/4} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -i \end{bmatrix}$  (ii)

$\rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{2} e^{i\pi/4} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -i \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow$   
← Input

$\rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} e^{i\pi/4} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -i \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} e^{i\pi/4} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -i \end{bmatrix}$  : output  
↑ (iv)

$E_x = E_{0x} e^{-i\omega t}$   
 $E_y = E_{0y} e^{-i(\omega t - \epsilon)} = E_{0y} e^{-i\omega t} e^{i\epsilon}$

\* Right Circularly polarized light (iii)

$\epsilon = \Delta\phi = \phi_y - \phi_x < 0 \Rightarrow -i$

\*  $E_y$  leads  $E_x$ . (vi)

$\Rightarrow \epsilon = -\frac{\pi}{2}$